

# Safety Data Sheet

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

Initial preparation date: 04.13.2021

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## Prime Advantage Catalyst-Prime Part B.

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### Product identifier

**Product name:** Prime Advantage Catalyst-Prime Part B.

#### Recommended use of the product and restriction on use

**Relevant identified uses:** Not determined or not applicable.

**Uses advised against:** Not determined or not applicable.

**Reasons why uses advised against:** Not determined or not applicable.

#### Manufacturer or supplier details

##### Manufacturer:

##### United States

Poloplaz

1 Paradise Park Road

Jacksonville, AR 72076

501-985-1172

www.poloplaz.com

#### Emergency telephone number:

##### United States

Infotrac

1-800-535-5053 (24/7)

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### GHS classification:

Skin corrosion, category 1A

Serious eye damage, category 1

Flammable liquids, category 3

Corrosive to metals, category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3, narcotic effects

#### Label elements

##### Hazard pictograms:



**Signal word:** Danger

#### Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling

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P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection  
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking  
P233 Keep container tightly closed  
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/.../ equipment  
P242 Use only non-sparking tools  
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge  
P234 Keep only in original container  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...  
P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label)  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish  
P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage  
P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../if you feel unwell  
P405 Store locked up  
P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool  
P406 Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner  
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
P501 Dispose of contents/container to...

**Hazards not otherwise classified:** None

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS number: 71-36-3	n-Butanol	<50
CAS number: 104-15-4	Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	<50

**Additional Information:** None

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

##### General notes:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance.

##### After inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If

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symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### After skin contact:

Treatment is urgent. Seek emergency medical treatment. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### After eye contact:

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. Seek immediate medical attention, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

Rinse eyes with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### After swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Seek immediate medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Acute symptoms and effects:

Exposure to skin may result in redness, pain, burning, inflammation and tissue damage. Exposure to eyes may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision. Exposure via inhalation may result in cough, sore throat, burning sensation and shortness of breath. Exposure via ingestion may result in burns of the mouth and throat, abdominal pain, burning sensation in the throat and chest, nausea, vomiting, shock or collapse.

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning, tearing, corneal damage and loss of vision.

Product is flammable. Exposure to sources of ignition may cause physical injury.

Products that are corrosive to metals are often corrosive to the skin, eyes and the respiratory tract.

Inhalation may have adverse effects on the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include cough, breathing difficulties, sore throat and inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the respiratory tract.

Inhalation may have adverse effects on the central nervous system. Symptoms may include drowsiness, dizziness, headache, nausea and lowering of consciousness. Acute overexposure via inhalation may result in respiratory distress, confusion and unconsciousness.

#### Delayed symptoms and effects:

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

### Immediate medical attention and special treatment

#### Specific treatment:

In case of eye contact, seek prompt medical attention while rinsing is continued.

Skin/eye burns require immediate treatment.

If respiratory symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Overexposure via inhalation requires urgent medical treatment.

#### Notes for the doctor:

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Treat symptomatically.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Water mist/fog, carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol resistant foam.

Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use water jet.

### Specific hazards during fire-fighting:

Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

Flammable liquid. Will be easily ignitable by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation.

Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. Thermal decomposition may produce irritating/toxic fumes/gases.

### Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts.

Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers.

Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

Evacuate non-essential personnel. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Consider initial evacuation for 300 meters in all directions. If tank/rail car is involved in the fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters in all directions.

Fight fire from a maximum distance. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. Always stay away from tanks engulfed in fire. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn. Stand by, at a safe distance, with extinguisher ready for possible re-ignition. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution. Do not handle damaged containers unless specialized to do so.

DO NOT GET WATER INSIDE CONTAINERS. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ventilate area. Extinguish any sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, dust, fume and spray. Do

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not walk through spilled material. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. A vapor-suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate personal protective clothing. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable corrosive resistant containers for future disposal. Do not get water in containers as reaction with water or moist air may release toxic, corrosive or flammable gases. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

### Reference to other sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Prevent skin contact. Do not get in eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not add water to the corrosive product. If it is necessary to mix a corrosive product with water, do so slowly adding the corrosive to cold water, in small amounts, and stir frequently. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Keep only in original packaging. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Do not get in eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Take action to prevent static discharges. Handle containers with caution. Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight and away from exit paths. Store in a corrosion-resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Inspect containers and storage area regularly for signs of leak and damage. Store containers at a convenient height for handling, below eye level if possible. High shelving increases the risk of dropping containers, personal injury and exposure. Ensure that

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appropriate fire fighting and spill-clean up equipment is readily available. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Store separately. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10).

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Only those substances with limit values have been included below.

#### Occupational Exposure limit values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
ACGIH	n-Butanol	71-36-3	Peak Exposure Limit Value: 20 ppm
NIOSH	n-Butanol	71-36-3	Ceiling Limit: 50 ppm (150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	n-Butanol	71-36-3	IDLH: 1400 ppm
OSHA	n-Butanol	71-36-3	PEL: 100 ppm (300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	n-Butanol	71-36-3	Ceiling Limit: 50 ppm (150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
United States(California)	n-Butanol	71-36-3	Ceiling Limit: 50 ppm

#### Biological limit values:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

#### Information on monitoring procedures:

Not determined or not applicable.

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

#### Personal protection equipment

##### Eye and face protection:

Use safety glasses with side shields or goggles. Consider the use of a face shield for splash protection.

Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

##### Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Full body protection should be worn. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected

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prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

#### Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

#### General hygienic measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Clear
Odor	Alcohol
Odor threshold	Not available
pH	Not determined or not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not Available
Initial boiling point/range	Not Available
Flash point (closed cup)	103° F
Evaporation rate	0.5 ( N-Butanol)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Available
Upper flammability/explosive limit	11.3%(V) ( N-Butanol)
Lower flammability/explosive limit	1.5% (V) ( N-Butanol)
Vapor pressure	Not Available
Vapor density	Not Available
Density	8.18 lbs/gal
Relative density	0.98
Solubilities	Not Available
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not Available
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not Available
Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Dynamic viscosity	Not Available
Kinematic viscosity	Not Available
Explosive properties	Not Available
Oxidizing properties	Not Available

#### Other information

VOC (g/l)	490.7
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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### Reactivity:

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Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### Chemical stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

### Conditions to avoid:

Avoid generation of aerosols and mists, extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources, static electricity and incompatible materials. Vapor accumulation in low or confined areas.

### Incompatible materials:

None known.

### Hazardous decomposition products:

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Route	Result
n-Butanol	oral	LD50 Rat: 790 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: 3400 mg/kg
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	oral	LD50 Rat: 2480 mg/kg

### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Assessment:

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### Product data:

No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
n-Butanol	Causes skin irritation.
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Causes skin irritation.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

#### Assessment:

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Product data:

No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
n-Butanol	Causes serious eye damage.
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



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### Product data:

No data available.

**Substance data:** No data available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

**Substance data:** No data available.

### International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC):

Name	Classification
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Not Applicable
n-Butanol	Not Applicable

### National Toxicology Program (NTP):

Name	Classification
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Not Applicable
n-Butanol	Not Applicable

**OSHA Carcinogens:** Not applicable

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**

No data available.

**Substance data:** No data available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**

No data available.

**Substance data:** No data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**Assessment:**

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Product data:**

No data available.

**Substance data:**

Name	Result
n-Butanol	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
	May cause respiratory irritation.
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	May cause respiratory irritation.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**

No data available.

**Substance data:** No data available.

### Aspiration toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:**

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## Prime Advantage Catalyst-Prime Part B.

No data available.

**Substance data:** No data available.

### Information on likely routes of exposure:

No data available.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

No data available.

### Other information:

No data available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Acute (short-term) toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
n-Butanol	EC50 Green algae: 225 mg/L (96 Hours)
	EC50 Daphnia magna: 1328 mg/L (48 Hours)
	LC50 Pimephales promelas: 1376 mg/L (96 Hours)
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	LC50 Fish: 325 mg/L (96 hours)
	EC50 Daphnia magna: >100 mg/L (48 hours)
	EC50 Algae: 73 mg/L (72 hours)

### Chronic (long-term) toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
n-Butanol	NOEC Daphnia magna: 4.1 mg/L (21 Days)

### Persistence and degradability

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
n-Butanol	The substance is readily biodegradable (87% degradation).
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Readily biodegradable.
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Substance attained >60% degradation in 28 days.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
n-Butanol	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (BCF: 3.16 L/Kg).
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	This substance is not bioaccumulative.
Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Log Kow: -0.62

### Mobility in soil

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
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Name	Result
n-Butanol	The substance is highly mobile (Log Koc: 0.54).

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Product data:

**PBT assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT.

**vPvB assessment:** This product does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a vPvB.

#### Substance data:

##### PBT assessment:

Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	This substance is not PBT.
n-Butanol	The substance is not PBT.

##### vPvB assessment:

Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	This substance is not vPvB.
n-Butanol	The substance is not vPvB.

**Other adverse effects:** No data available.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods:


Do not dump into any sewers, on the ground or into any body of water. Store material for disposal as indicated in Section 7 Handling and Storage. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal laws and regulations. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste.

### Contaminated packages:


Not determined or not applicable.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### United States Transportation of dangerous goods (49 CFR DOT)

UN number	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S
UN transport hazard class(es)	3 (8) 
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

### International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN number	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S
UN transport hazard class(es)	3 (8) 
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

### International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)



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UN number	UN2924
UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, Corrosive, N.O.S
UN transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)  
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### United States regulations

**Inventory listing (TSCA):** All ingredients are listed-active or exempt.

**Significant New Use Rule (TSCA Section 5):** None of the ingredients are listed.

**Export notification under TSCA Section 12(b):** None of the ingredients are listed.

**SARA Section 302 extremely hazardous substances:** None of the ingredients are listed.

#### SARA Section 313 toxic chemicals:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed
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#### CERCLA:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed	5000
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#### RCRA:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed	U031
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**Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act (CAA):** None of the ingredients are listed.

#### Massachusetts Right to Know:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed
104-15-4	Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Listed

#### New Jersey Right to Know:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed
104-15-4	Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Listed

#### New York Right to Know:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed
104-15-4	Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Listed

#### Pennsylvania Right to Know:

71-36-3	n-Butanol	Listed
104-15-4	Toluene-4-sulphonic acid	Listed

**California Proposition 65:** None of the ingredients are listed.

## SECTION 16: Other information

**Abbreviations and Acronyms:** None

### Disclaimer:

This product has been classified in accordance with OSHA HCS 2012 guidelines. The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use. Storage, transportation, and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material designated

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and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials. Unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with user.

**NFPA:** 3-3-0

**HMIS:** 3-3-0

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#### Revision Notes:

Revision Date	Notes
2021-02-26	Revision 01

**End of Safety Data Sheet**